How to get a feature committed?

Michael Paquier – VMware 2019/05/31, PGCon

About the man

- Michael Paquier.
- French, based in Tokyo.
- PostgreSQL contributor since 2009
 - Some patches, some reviews and some bug fixes.
 - Blogging.
 - Committer since June 2018.
- Working at VMware on PostgreSQL
 - Packaging.
 - Integration.
 - Support.

Community

- Core database engine
- Steady, well-designed progress
- World-wide investment
- Code of conduct (since 2018)
 https://www.postgresql.org/about/policies/coc/

DB engine Ranking (May 2019)

https://db-engines.com/en/ranking

#	Engine	Score	Apr 2018	May 2017
1	Oracle	1285.55	+5.61	-4.87
2	MySQL	1218.96	+3.82	-4.38
2	MSSQL	1072.19	+12.23	-13.66
4	Postgres	478.89	+0.17	+77.99
5	MongoDB	408.07	+6.10	+65.96

PaaP

- PostgreSQL As A Product.
- (F)Orcs must die!
 - If you like it, still you can fork it.
 - Long-term prospect gets better by investing in the core engine.
 - Some folks are still able to live with this model with customer base (EDB Postgres, Amazon, Greenplum).
- Hard to contribute, initial time investment worth it long-term.
- Dozens of man years into the code from core developers.

Database engine

- ACID
- Free to use BSD like
- Open engineering.
- Open to new and good ideas.
- Highly pluggable: data types, plugins.
- High code quality.

Committers

- World-wide, shared-something distribution
- 29 in total: https://wiki.postgresql.org/wiki/Committers
- North America (10) US
- Europe (12) Czech, France, Finland, Ireland, Russia,
 Sweden, UK
- South America (1) Chile
- Asia (4) India, Japan
- Oceania (2) NZ

Development cycle

- Schedule decided at PGCon, developer meeting: https://wiki.postgresql.org/wiki/PgCon_2019_Developer_Meeting
- 1 year, September to September, until GA
- Divided into two periods
 - Feature submission and new developments
 July~April
 - Focus on stability April~September

Release maintenance

One branch on git per major version

```
REL_11_STABLE => v11
REL_10_STABLE => v10
REL9 6 STABLE => v9.6
```

- Only bug fixes, no new features
- No change in system catalogs or WAL format
- EOL'd after 5 years

Commit fests

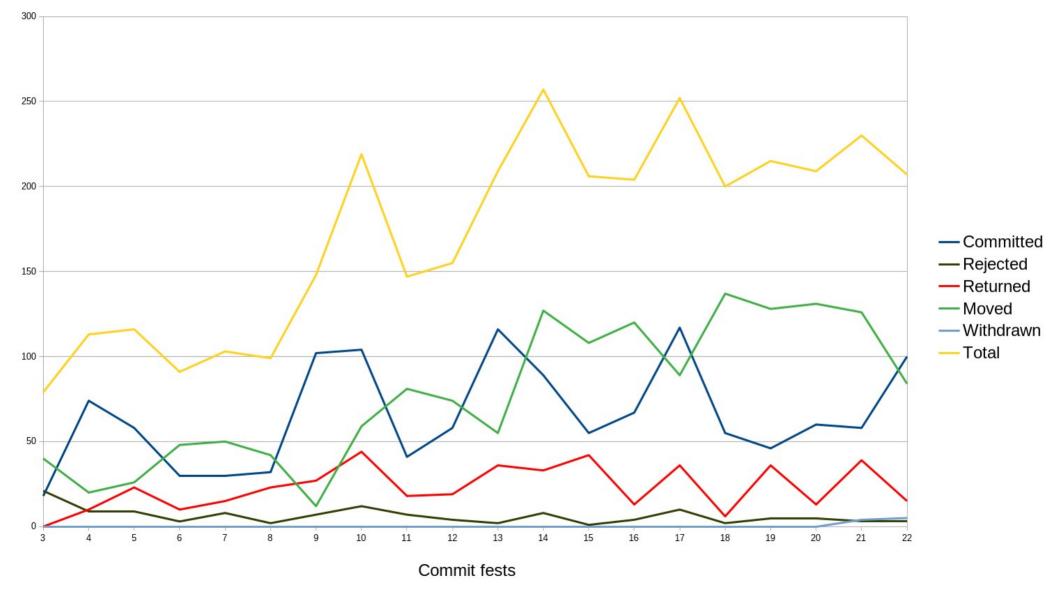
- 4~5 commit fests per development cycle.
- September to March.
- One month of break between each.
- Up to 250 patches.
- https://commitfest.postgresql.org/

Stability period

- First beta after last commit fest, in April
- Stability work: https://wiki.postgresql.org/wiki/PostgreSQL_12_Open_Items
- Help in stabilizing things
 - Testing, actual fixes
 - Show involvement with community
 - As important as writing cool features

Commit fest management

- Up to 250 patches.
- Few rejections.
- A lot returned with feedback.
- More patches bumped to next CF.
- Authors forget!
- Reviewers forget!



Patch submission

- Read guidelines https://wiki.postgresql.org/wiki/Submitting_a_Patch
- Register it in commit fest (need community account)
- If WIP, begin discussion first, draft patch fine.
- Email to pgsql-hackers.
- Bug fixes also to pgsql-bugs.

Patch contents

- The code itself
- Comments.
- Documentation!
 - Explanation in email may not be enough, still helpful.
 - Self-contained docs are for the user at the end.
- Tests:
 - isolation, regression, TAP?
 - Should be designed to not be too costly, still hold value.
 - Helps in reviewing feature.

Coding convention

- Signal handling, macros, error format, etc.
- Configuration in src/tools/editors/: vi, emacs.
- Documentation: https://www.postgresql.org/docs/devel/source.html

Regression tests

- Main regression suite, src/test/regress/
- Isolation test (concurrency), src/test/isolation/
- Extension tests, src/test/modules/ and contrib/ https://www.postgresql.org/docs/devel/extend-pgxs.html
- TAP tests
 - src/test/perl/ for base modules.
 - src/test/recovery/, authentication/, ssl/, etc.
- PG_TEST_EXTRA='ssl Idap kerberos'

Patch format

- Acceptable formats:
 - git diff
 - git format-patch
- Add version in the file name
- Sometimes make sense to split into multiple commits
 - Refactoring first
 - Actual feature
- Personal viewpoint: as long as it can be applied cleanly I am fine.
 - patch -p1 < your-cool-stuff-v1.patch</p>

CF manager

- Deputy handling patch workflow
- 1 or more seasoned contributors.
- Actions
 - Tracking
 - Poking
 - Mostly poking and vacuuming
- Done by seasoned hackers.

CF bot

- Automatic check of submitted patches
 - Linux
 - Windows
- URL: http://commitfest.cputube.org/
- Divided by author: http://commitfest.cputube.org/michael-paquier.html
- Credits: Thomas Munro

Patch review (1)

- Flow
 - Exchange between author(s) and reviewer(s).
 - Patch marked as ready for committer.
 - Committer looks at it, committing it or falling back.
- 1 patch written = 1 review of equivalent difficulty.
- Reviews are as important as writing cool code.

Patch review (2)

- Expect one or more rewrites of the patch.
- Make sure to agree on the shape before consuming time writing it.
- Consensus is key.
- A complicated patch will never finish in the shape it was designed initially.

Conclusion

- Be patient
- Help others, take new challenges.
- Fixing bugs and doing maintenance helps as well.
- Remain polite, respect others.

Thanks! Questions?